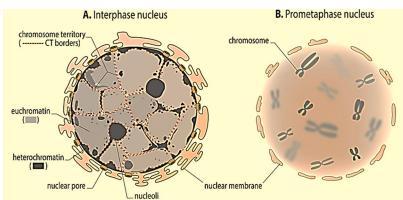
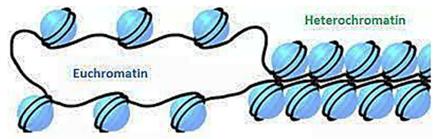
## Online quiz for Heterochromatin



- 1 What is heterochromatin?
- \$\phi\$ open and least densile part of chromosome that is repressed.
  - It is another name of centromere in a chromosome.
  - All of the above



2 - What is another name by which heterochromatin is known?

- Beads-on-string.
- $\sqrt{~\oplus~}$  30 nm fiber
  - Active chromosome
  - Metaphase chromosome
  - 3 What does the presence of heterochromatin reveal?
  - That cells are transcriptionally active.
  - That cells are dividing
- $\sqrt{\Phi}$  That gene transcription is not taking place.
  - That DNA is exposed to polymerases and other regulatory protein.

4 - The difference between euchromatin and heterochromatin is BEST described by the following statements?

- Euchromatin has a variable structure whereas heterochromatin is uniform.
  - Euchromatin provides a short-lived copy of the more stable heterochromatin.
- - Euchromatin Is found within nucleus whereas heterochromatin is in cytosol.
  - 5 What are the two main differences between constitutive and facultative heterochromatin?
  - Former is reversible with LINE sequenc; later is stable with satellite DNA.
  - Former is stable with LINE sequenc; later is reversible with satellite DNA.
  - Former is reversible with satellite DNA; later is stable with LINE sequence.
- $\sqrt{\Phi}$  Former is stable with satellite DNA; later is reversible with LINE sequence.

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